### CITY OF HERMANTOWN HERMANTOWN, MINNESOTA

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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### CITY OF HERMANTOWN ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **ELECTED**

Name	Title	Term Expires
Wayne Boucher	Mayor	December 31, 2024
John Geissler	Councilor	December 31, 2024
Grant Hauschild	Councilor	December 31, 2024
Gloria Nelson	Councilor	December 31, 2022
Natalie Peterson	Councilor	December 31, 2022
	APPOINTED	
John Mulder	City Administrator	Appointed
Kevin Orme	Director of Finance & Administration	Appointed
James M. Crace	Police Chief	Appointed
Jackie Dolentz	City Clerk	Appointed
Paul Senst	Public Works Director	Appointed



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Honorable City Council City of Hermantown Hermantown, Minnesota

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hermantown, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hermantown's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hermantown, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund, City Sales Tax Fund, and the Essential Wellness Center Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hermantown and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Also, during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the City restated the beginning fund balance for the City Sales Tax Fund to reflect additional revenue and receivables for 2021 sales taxes. See Note 17 for additional information on this restatement. Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to this restatement.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hermantown's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hermantown's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hermantown's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios, and the information about the City's net pension liability, which includes the PERA schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the PERA schedule of City contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hermantown's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 12, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Hermantown's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hermantown's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Hermantown's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota June 12, 2023



Our discussion and analysis of the City of Hermantown's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 12.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased \$3,721,385 or 4.36% as a result of this year's operations. The net position of the governmental activities increased \$2,930,505, or 8.42%. The net position of the business-type activities increased \$790,880, or 1.57%.
- The General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$4,726,275 or 66.11% of the total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses for 2022.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City of Hermantown's basic financial statements, which consists of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements explain how general government services were financed, as well as, how grant proceeds were utilized for the short-term and what remains for future spending.
- The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to give users a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to that of a private-sector business. The statement of position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases and decreases in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities shows how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event that caused the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. There are revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years; examples include uncollected grants and vacation days that are earned, but not used.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions that are governmental and business-type activities. The City's governmental activities include public safety, streets and highways, community and economic development, culture and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state grants and aids finance most of these activities.

The City charges fees to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's business-type activities include the Water Utility, Sewage Disposal, Storm Water Utility and Street Lighting funds.

The two government-wide financial statements are presented immediately after this discussion and analysis.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A fund is a set of related accounts that is used to control resources that have been segregated to carry on specific activities or to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The City of Hermantown, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All City funds are either governmental funds or proprietary funds.

• Governmental funds – Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements is narrower than government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in order to gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) provide a reconciliation to aid in the comparison of governmental funds with governmental activities.

The City maintains a number of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund financial statements for the General, City Sales Tax, Municipal State Aid Streets, G.O. Improvement Series 2021A Fund, Special Assessment/Road Improvement Fund and Essentia Wellness Center Special Revenue Funds which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is included in the combining fund statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

Proprietary funds – The City maintains four enterprise funds which are included in these
financial statements. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as
business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise
funds to account for operation of the Water Utility and Sewage Disposal funds, which are
considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining enterprise funds is combined into a
single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information and the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds. The required supplementary information and combining statements follow the notes to the financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. A portion of the City's net position is invested in capital assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to its constituents; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. The following table presents a summary of the City's net position at December 31:

		2022			2021	
		Business-			Business-	
	Governmental	Type		Governmental	Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 32.382.436	\$ 13.976.980	\$ 46.359.416	\$ 28.092.677	\$ 12.882.607	¢ 40.075.204
*	+,,	+,,	+,,	+,,	+,,	\$ 40,975,284
Capital Assets	49,285,443	38,454,820	87,740,263	51,145,315	38,593,925	89,739,240
Total Assets	81,667,879	52,431,800	134,099,679	79,237,992	51,476,532	130,714,524
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,147,120	170,660	4,317,780	2,223,557	222,041	2,445,598
Liabilities:						
Long-Term Liabilities	41,689,015	995,280	42,684,295	39,711,501	734,971	40,446,472
Other Liabilities	4,929,396	261,525	5,190,921	4,379,014	217,328	4,596,342
Total Liabilities	46,618,411	1,256,805	47,875,216	44,090,515	952,299	45,042,814
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,467,676	68,657	1,536,333	2,891,100	260,156	3,151,256
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,895,698	38,454,820	54,350,518	14,796,569	38,593,925	53,390,494
Restricted	18,175,790	-	18,175,790	16,611,859	-	16,611,859
Unrestricted	3,657,424	12,822,178	16,479,602	3,071,506	11,892,193	14,963,699
22	2,001,121	=,3==,	11,110,002	2,31 1,000	11,302,100	,500,000
Total Net Position	\$ 37,728,912	\$ 51,276,998	\$ 89,005,910	\$ 34,479,934	\$ 50,486,118	\$ 84,966,052

To give users a better understanding of the sources and uses of the City's net position, the table that follows presents a summary of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended December 31:

				2022					2021		
				Business-					Business-		
	Gover	nmental		Туре		Go	vernmental		Туре		
	Acti	vities		Activities	Total		Activities		Activities		Total
REVENUES											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Service	\$	929,369	\$	4,167,113	\$ 5,096,482	\$	957,515	\$	4,225,123	\$	5,182,638
Operating Grants and											
Contributions		437,545		-	437,545		727,586		-		727,586
Capital Grants and											
Contributions	1,	105,380		-	1,105,380		215,644		=		215,644
General Revenues:											
Property Taxes	7,	241,818		-	7,241,818		6,653,682		-		6,653,682
Sales Tax	4,	152,273		-	4,152,273		3,882,209		-		3,882,209
State Aids		352,433		-	352,433		4,285		-		4,285
Interest	(	282,090)		(246,586)	(528,676)		(29,109)		(16,261)		(45,370)
Other		427,172		263,147	690,319		189,873		177,742		367,615
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		(684)		-	(684)		374,425				374,425
Transfers	(	294,466)		391,669	97,203		(800,014)		800,014		-
Total Revenues	14,	068,750		4,575,343	18,644,093		12,176,096		5,186,618		17,362,714
EXPENSES											
General Government		908,394		-	908,394		999,823		-		999,823
Public Safety	4,	793,810		-	4,793,810		3,445,590		-		3,445,590
Streets and Highways	3.	137,058		-	3,137,058		2,088,937		-		2,088,937
Community and Economic											
Development		771,981		-	771,981		423,637		-		423,637
Culture and Recreation		724,377		-	724,377		1,346,246		-		1,346,246
Interest and Fiscal Charges		802,625		-	802,625		893,491		-		893,491
Water Utility		-		1,728,971	1,728,971		-		2,038,401		2,038,401
Sewage Disposal		_		1,783,555	1,783,555		-		1,685,061		1,685,061
Street Lighting		-		45,981	45,981		-		35,245		35,245
Storm Water Utility		_		225,956	225,956		-		252,131		252,131
Total Expenses	11,	138,245		3,784,463	14,922,708		9,197,724		4,010,838		13,208,562
Change in Net Position	2,	930,505		790,880	3,721,385		2,978,372		1,175,780		4,154,152
Net Position - Beginning of Year	34,	479,934		50,486,118	84,966,052	;	31,501,562		49,310,338		80,811,900
Change in Accounting Principal - See Note 17		8,519		-	8,519		-		-		_
Prior Period Restatement - See Note 17		309,954		_	309,954		_		-		_
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	34	798,407	_	50,486,118	85,284,525		31,501,562	_	49,310,338	_	80,811,900
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 37	728,912	\$	51,276,998	\$ 89,005,910	\$ :	34,479,934	\$	50,486,118	\$	84,966,052

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is helpful in assessing the City's financing requirements; unassigned fund balance may be an especially useful measure of the net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of December 31, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,843,349, an increase of \$1,729,961 from the 2021 balance of \$20,113,388.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City of Hermantown. At December 31, 2022, fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,823,535 with 97.98% reported as unassigned. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 66.11% of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. During 2022, the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$75,073.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds net position increased \$790,880 in 2022. Net operating income for 2022 was \$382,650.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City adopted an original General Fund revenue and other financing sources budget of \$6,732,986 which was not revised during the year. The City adopted an original General Fund expenditure and other financing uses budget of \$6,732,986 which was revised during the year to \$6,957,986.

The City's final budget for the General Fund anticipated that expenditures and other financing uses would be greater revenues and other financing sources by \$225,000. The actual results for the year showed revenues and other financing sources exceeding expenditures and other financing uses by \$75,073. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$484,301 more than anticipated.

Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$190,774 more than anticipated.

### **Capital Assets**

The City of Hermantown's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2022 was \$87,740,263, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. This investment includes land, permanent easements, buildings, infrastructure, equipment, and construction in progress. Additional information related to the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### Debt

The City had \$32,270,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding at the end of 2022.

The City continues to stay below the debt limits established by the State.

Other liabilities for obligations such as vacation, sick leave, net pension liability, and severance are discussed further in the Note 6 to the financial statements.

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

The following key indicators provide highlights on the City's economic outlook and future budget impact:

- A comprehensive Finance Management Plan study was conducted by Ehlers Inc. and the City. Based on that study, that plan was implemented in 2019 and is continuing in 2023 and addresses future staffing increases, additional funding for parks, additional funding for municipal buildings, additional funding for HEDA, additional funding for capital improvements, and a long-term Road Improvement Plan. In 2022-2023 the City has engaged Ehlers Inc. to refresh the Financial Management Plan.
- 2023 General Fund budgeted expenditures increased 7.9% or \$533,233. Some of the increase was due to normal personnel increases, a substantial insurance increase, funding for a communications department, increased funding for parks, increased funding for capital purchases, and inflationary pressures.
- The City increased the total tax levy by 6.9% while net tax capacity increased 11%. At the December 2022 Truth and Taxation meeting, the City Council approved a local tax rate decrease from 46.66% in 2022 to 45.44% in 2023.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is meant to provide a general overview of the City of Hermantown's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning information provided in the report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the City of Hermantown, 5105 Maple Grove Road, Hermantown, Minnesota 55811, or visit the City's website at www.hermantownmn.com.



### CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	24,805,577	\$	12,418,075	\$	37,223,652
Accounts Receivable	•	1,723,080	•	555,404	•	2,278,484
Interest Receivable		27,349		21,639		48,988
Delinquent Taxes Receivable		91,133		15,015		106,148
Special Assessments Receivable		4,773,152		186,573		4,959,725
Lease Receivable		1,403,510		64,062		1,467,572
Contracts Receivable		-		60,150		60,150
Internal Balances		(550,000)		550,000		-
Inventories		-		82,183		82,183
Prepaid Items		108,635		23,879		132,514
Capital and Right to Use Assets, Net of Depreciation/Amortization:						
Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized		4,135,239		644,868		4,780,107
Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net		45,150,204		37,809,952		82,960,156
Total Assets		81,667,879		52,431,800		134,099,679
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		52,649		14,718		67,367
Pension Related		4,094,471		155,942		4,250,413
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,147,120		170,660		4,317,780
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	\$	85,814,999	\$	52,602,460	\$	138,417,459
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	Φ.	700 700	•	047 400	Φ.	044.000
	\$	726,720	\$	217,480	\$	944,200
Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities Accrued Interest		102,176		14,875		117,051
		391,261		-		391,261
Customer Deposits Unearned Revenue		240,960		29,170		270,130
Long-Term Liabilities:		3,468,279		-		3,468,279
Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		1,372,300		383,673		1 755 072
Net Pension Liability		6,460,521		494,672		1,755,973 6,955,193
Amount Due within One Year		3,106,374		494,072		3,106,374
Amounts Due in More than One Year		30,749,820		116,935		30,866,755
Total Liabilities		46,618,411		1,256,805		47,875,216
Total Elabilities		40,010,411		1,230,003		47,075,210
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows - Lease Receivable		1,371,014		61,362		1,432,376
Pension Related	_	96,662		7,295		103,957
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,467,676		68,657		1,536,333
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		15,895,698		38,454,820		54,350,518
Restricted		18,175,790		-		18,175,790
Unrestricted		3,657,424		12,822,178		16,479,602
Total Net Position		37,728,912		51,276,998		89,005,910
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Net Position	\$	85,814,999	\$	52,602,460	\$	138,417,459

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 CITY OF HERMANTOWN

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Business- Type Activities Total	\$ (785,342) - (4,086,992) - (2,031,678)	- (544,644) - (414,670) - (802,625)	- (8,665,951)	149,579 149,579 (46,022) 96,935 96,935 182,158 182,158 382,650	- 7,241,818 - 4,152,273 - 352,433 - 352,433 (246,586) (528,676) 263,147 (684) - 97,203 408,230 12,004,686	790,880 3,721,385	50,486,118 84,966,052 - 8,519 - 309,954 50,486,118 85,284,525	\$ 51.276.998 \$ 89.005.910
Net (	Governmental Activities	\$ (785,342) (4,086,992) (2,031,678)	(544,644) (414,670) (802,625)	(8,665,951)		7,241,818 4,152,273 352,433 (282,090) 427,172 (684) (294,466) 11,596,456	2,930,505	34,479,934 8,519 309,954 34,798,407	\$ 37.728.912
	Capital Grants and Contributions	1,105,380	1 1 1	\$ 1,105,380	ω ω				
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions	337,545	100,000	\$ 437,545	φ φ	ısfers		ote 17 lated	
	Charges for Services	\$ 123,052 369,273	227,337 209,707 -	\$ 929,369	\$ 1,878,550 1,737,533 142,916 408,114 \$ 4,167,113	RAL REVENUES lerty Taxes s. Tax sstricted Federal Aid stment Income on Sale of Capital Assets 3FERS Total General Revenues and Transfers	OSITION	Net Position - Beginning of Year Change in Accounting Principal - See Note 17 Prior Period Restatement - See Note 17 Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	ND OF YEAR
	Expenses	\$ 908,394 4,793,810 3,137,058	771,981 724,377 802,625	\$ 11,138,245	\$ 1,728,971 1,783,555 45,981 225,956 \$ 3,784,463	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Sales Tax Unrestricted Federal Aid Investment Income Other Loss on Sale of Capital Assets TRANSFERS Total General Revenues a	<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	Net Position - Beginning of Year Change in Accounting Principal. Prior Period Restatement - See I Net Position - Beginning of Year	NET POSITION - END
	Functions/Programs	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Government Public Safety Streets and Highways	Community and Economic Development Culture and Recreation Interest and Fiscal Charges	l otal Governmental Activities	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Water Utility Sewage Disposal Street Lighting Storm Water Utility Total Business-Type Activities				

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 21,843,349
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Capital and Right to Use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.  Cost of Capital and Right to Use Assets	85,342,085
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(36,056,642)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(33,856,194)
The net pension liability and total OPEB liability and the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are only reported in the statement of net position.	
Net Pension Liability	(6,460,521)
Total OPEB Liability	(1,372,300)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related	4,094,471
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related	52,649
Deferred inflows of Resources - Pension Related	(96,662)
Long-term assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures	
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	4,629,938
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable	 (391,261)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 37,728,912

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **CITY OF HERMANTOWN**

# YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General	City Sales Tax Fund	Improvement Bonds Series 2021A Fund	Wellness Center Special Revenue Fund	Municipal State Aid Streets Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 6,389,367	\$ 4,147,495	\$ 83,052	9	· •	\$ 757,018	\$ 11,376,932
Franchise Fees	16.500	•	•		•	41.882	58.382
Special Assessments		55 070	134 343	•	•	415,256	604 669
	000 000	0	2			100 050	000,000
Licenses and Permits	289,838	•	•		•	067,621	423,088
Intergovernmental	364,597	•	•	•	1,805	179,998	546,400
Charges for Services	115,359	•	•	324,567	•	•	439,926
Fines and Forfeitures	51,721	•	•		•	9,827	61,548
Investment Income	(118,597)	(189,455)	•	53,213	•	(27,251)	(282,090)
Miscellaneous	98,502	` '	•	117,435	•	624.422	840,359
Total Revenues	7,217,287	4,013,110	217,395	495,215	1,805	2,124,402	14,069,214
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	1.208.225	•	•		•	19.058	1.227.283
Public Safety	4 055 217	•	•	•	٠	122,603	4 177 820
Streets and Highways	891 881	•	•	•	•		891 881
Community and Economic Development	100,100	170 074			0.710	000 088	506,666
Cultura and Demotion	136, 163	17,21	•	' 00 000	0,2,0	300,020	390,000
	120,039	' 10	•	000,600	' (1	704,88	303,079
Capital Outlay	180,302	608,025	•	•	31,512	485,245	1,311,144
Debt Gel vice.			150,000			2 505 000	000 377 6
Fillicipal Interest and Eiscal Charges	•	- 217	130,000	•	•	2,393,000	1 030 304
Total Expenditures	6 660 129	620 513	232,872	330 883	13 782	047,1213 1 648 598	12 545 777
	0,000,123	020,020	202,012	000,600	40,105	1,010,010	17,040,71
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	1	0		1	[		
OVER EXPENDITURES	557,158	3,392,597	(15,477)	155,332	(41,977)	(2,524,196)	1,523,437
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bonds Issued	•	•	•	•	•	(59,373)	(59,373)
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	•	•	•		•	59,373	59,373
Bond Principal Refunded	•	•	•		•	•	•
Lease Proceeds	6,546	•	•		•	•	6,546
Transfer In	•	•	43,230		7,631	3,711,308	3,762,169
Transfer Out	(488,631)	(2,953,454)	•		•	(120,106)	(3,562,191)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(482,085)	(2,953,454)	43,230		7,631	3,591,202	206,524
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	75,073	439,143	27,753	155,332	(34,346)	1,067,006	1,729,961
Fund Balance - Beginning	4 748 462	8 579 077	1 893 834	295.858	(344.818)	4 692 975	19 865 388
Prior Period Restatement - See Note 17	1 '	248,000		,	(2:0)		248,000
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	4,748,462	8,827,077	1,893,834	295,858	(344,818)	4,692,975	20,113,388
ONIGNE SANCE		0000					

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,729,961
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciated expense.	
Capital Outlays Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Depreciation and Amortization Expense	296,199 (10,684) (2,158,350)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	271,067
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the	
statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences.	163,492
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	2,799,953
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. However, in the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when due.	57,381
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employer contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in the net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	(213,954)
Other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employer contributions. OPEB expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in the total OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	(9,154)
Compensated absences are an expense in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	4,594
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,930,505

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Rug	dget				Variance Over
		Original	aget	Final		Actual	(Under)
REVENUES	-	- 5					( - /
Taxes	\$	6,092,756	\$	6,092,756	\$	6,389,367	\$ 296,611
Franchise Fees		16,500		16,500		16,500	-
Licenses and Permits		183,050		183,050		299,838	116,788
Intergovernmental		249,150		249,150		364,597	115,447
Charges for Services		101,132		101,132		115,359	14,227
Fines and Forfeitures		42,600		42,600		51,721	9,121
Investment Income		6,000		6,000		(118,597)	(124,597)
Miscellaneous		41,298		41,298		98,502	57,204
Total Revenues		6,732,486		6,732,486		7,217,287	484,801
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		1,125,961		1,215,961		1,208,225	(7,736)
Public Safety		3,735,005		3,775,005		4,055,217	280,212
Streets and Highways		782,847		841,847		891,881	50,034
Community and Economic Development		279,664		279,664		198,165	(81,499)
Culture and Recreation		160,509		160,509		126,339	(34,170)
Capital Outlay		172,000		204,000		180,302	(23,698)
Total Expenditures		6,255,986		6,476,986	_	6,660,129	183,143
EXCESS OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		476,500		255,500		557,158	301,658
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Lease Proceeds		-		-		6,546	6,546
Transfer Out		(477,000)		(481,000)		(488,631)	(7,631)
Sales of Capital Assets		500		500			 (500)
Net Other Financing Uses		(476,500)		(480,500)		(482,085)	(1,585)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	(225,000)		75,073	\$ 300,073
Fund Balance - Beginning					_	4,748,462	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$	4,823,535	

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CITY SALES TAX FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget							Variance Over	
		Original	iget	Final		Actual		(Under)	
REVENUES								(0)	
Taxes:									
Sales Taxes	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	4,147,495	\$	1,147,495	
Special Assessments		-		-		55,070		55,070	
Investment Income		10,000		10,000		(189,455)		(199,455)	
Total Revenues		3,010,000		3,010,000		4,013,110		1,003,110	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Economic Development		-		-		12,271		12,271	
Capital Outlay		830,425		830,425		608,025		(222,400)	
Debt Service:									
Interest and Fiscal Charges						217		217	
Total Expenditures		830,425		830,425		620,513		(209,912)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		2,179,575		2,179,575		3,392,597		1,213,022	
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfer Out		(2,953,454)		(2,953,454)		(2,953,454)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(773,879)	\$	(773,879)		439,143	\$	1,213,022	
Fund Balance - Beginning						8,579,077			
Prior Period Restatement - See Note 17						248,000			
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated						8,827,077			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$	9,266,220			

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ESSENTIA WELLNESS CENTER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget							Variance Over	
	Original			Final		Actual		(Under)	
REVENUES Charges for Services Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	359,998 - 359,998	\$	359,998 - 359,998	\$	324,567 117,435 495,215	\$	(35,431) 117,435 135,217	
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and Recreation Total Expenditures		259,998 259,998		324,998 324,998		339,883 339,883		14,885 14,885	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		100,000		35,000		155,332		120,332	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	100,000	\$	35,000		155,332	\$	120,332	
Fund Balance - Beginning						295,858			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$	451,190			

### CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-			
	Water Utility	Sewage Disposal	Nonmajor Enterprise	Total Enterprise
ASSETS	Funds	Fund	Funds	Funds
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,404,736	\$ 5,908,560	\$ 1,104,779	\$ 12,418,075
Interest Receivable	9,628	10,082	1,929	21,639
Accounts Receivable	209,354	255,935	111,978	577,267
Lease Receivable	64,062	· -	, -	64,062
Advance to Other Funds	-	-	550,000	550,000
Inventories	79,358	2,825	-	82,183
Prepaid Items	12,550	10,465	864	23,879
Total Current Assets	5,779,688	6,187,867	1,769,550	13,737,105
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation:				
Assets Not Being Depreciated	221,869	395,513	27,486	644,868
Assets Being Depreciated, Net	9,108,435	28,304,133	397,384	37,809,952
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	9,330,304	28,699,646	424,870	38,454,820
Long-Term Portion of Contracts Receivable	30,897	22,405	_	53,302
Special Assessments Receivable	4,813	181,760	_	186,573
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,366,014	28,903,811	424,870	38,694,695
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	E 704	E 740	1 6 4 2	10 175
Pension Related	5,784 72,561	5,748 62,882	1,643 22,042	13,175
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	78,345	68,630	23,685	157,485 170,660
Total Boldings Gallows of Resources	70,040	00,000	20,000	170,000
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows				
of Resources	\$ 15,224,047	\$ 35,160,308	\$ 2,218,105	\$ 52,602,460
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 101,514	\$ 93,462	\$ 22,504	\$ 217,480
Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities	6,949	5,226	2,700	14,875
Customer Deposits	29,170			29,170
Total Current Liabilities	137,633	98,688	25,204	261,525
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences	52,311	43,790	20,834	116,935
Net Pension Liability	230,834	193,917	69,921	494,672
Total OPEB Liability	145,376	195,462	42,835	383,673
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	428,521	433,169	133,590	995,280
Total Liabilities	566,154	531,857	158,794	1,256,805
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows - Lease Receivable	61,362	_	_	61,362
Pension Related	3,404	2,860	1,031	7,295
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	64,766	2,860	1,031	68,657
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	0.320.304	28,699,646	404.070	20 454 000
Unrestricted	9,330,304 5,262,823	28,699,646 5,925,945	424,870 1,633,410	38,454,820
Total Net Position	14,593,127	34,625,591	2,058,280	<u>12,822,178</u> 51,276,998
	. 1,000,121	0.,020,001	2,300,200	5.,2.0,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 15,224,047	\$ 35,160,308	\$ 2,218,105	\$ 52,602,460

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund						
	Water		Sewage		Nonmajor	Total	
	Utility		Disposal		Enterprise		Enterprise
	 Funds		Fund		Funds		Funds
OPERATING REVENUES							
User Fees	\$ 1,595,069	\$	1,648,963	\$	408,114	\$	3,652,146
Service Charges	283,481		88,570		-		372,051
Franchise Fees	 				142,916		142,916
Total Operating Revenues	 1,878,550		1,737,533		551,030		4,167,113
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel Services	371,769		417,579		92,828		882,176
Water Purchases	893,851		-		-		893,851
WLSSD Charges	-		644,235		-		644,235
Maintenance and Supplies	150,167		143,626		103,241		397,034
Utilities	13,045		13,253		42,101		68,399
Professional Services	37,811		6,347		22,932		67,090
Insurance	16,481		13,353		-		29,834
Miscellaneous	197		162				359
Depreciation Expense	245,650		545,000		10,835		801,485
Total Operating Expenses	1,728,971		1,783,555		271,937		3,784,463
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	149,579		(46,022)		279,093		382,650
NONOPERATING REVENUES							
Hookups and Miscellaneous Income	107,310		139,695		16,142		263,147
Investment Income	(118,013)		(126,457)		(2,116)		(246,586)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	(10,703)		13,238		14,026		16,561
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS							
AND CONTRIBUTIONS	138,876		(32,784)		293,119		399,211
Capital Contributions	581,779		9,868		-		591,647
Transfer In	6,000		-		-		6,000
Transfer Out	 (109,249)		(73,760)		(22,969)		(205,978)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	617,406		(96,676)		270,150		790,880
Net Position - Beginning	 13,975,721		34,722,267		1,788,130		50,486,118
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 14,593,127	\$	34,625,591	\$	2,058,280	\$	51,276,998

### CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Business-					
		Water Utility Funds	Sewage Disposal Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from Users	\$	1,946,265	\$	1,735,504	\$	530,500	\$ 4,212,269
Payments to Employees		(390, 295)		(317,256)		(116,337)	(823,888)
Payments to Suppliers		(1,116,130)		(808,494)		(153,169)	(2,077,793)
Net Cash Provided by Operating		_					 
Activities		439,840		609,754		260,994	1,310,588
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers in		6,000		-		-	6,000
Transfers out		(109,249)		(73,760)		(22,969)	(205,978)
Cash Received from Hookups and							
Miscellaneous Income		53,641		139,695		16,142	209,478
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital							
Financing Activities		(49,608)		65,935		(6,827)	9,500
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		_		(43,246)		(27,487)	(70,733)
Payments from Lease Receivable		50,969		-		-	50,969
Net Cash Provided (Usesd) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		50,969		(43,246)		(27,487)	(19,764)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Investment Income		(123,269)		(131,821)		(3,216)	 (258,306)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		317,932		500,622		223,464	1,042,018
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		5,086,804		5,407,938		881,315	 11,376,057
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	5,404,736	\$	5,908,560	\$	1,104,779	\$ 12,418,075

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Dusilless-	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund								
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Water Utility Funds	Sewage Disposal Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	149,579	\$	(46,022)	\$	279,093	\$	382,650			
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	Ψ	140,070	Ψ	(40,022)	Ψ	210,000	Ψ	302,030			
to Net Cash Provided by Operating											
Activities:											
Depreciation		245,650		545,000		10,835		801,485			
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		240,000		343,000		10,000		001,400			
Accounts Receivable		(2,164)		(4,778)		(20,530)		(27,472)			
Special Assessments Receivable		(2,104)		(4,776)		(20,000)		12			
Prepaid Expenses		(1,118)		(1,942)		(33)		(3,093)			
Inventories		(4,952)		5,265		(00)		313			
Deferred Outflows		29,144		7,725		14,512		51,381			
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		_0,		.,0		,		0.,00.			
Accounts Payable		1.492		9,159		15,138		25.789			
Wages and Related Liabilities		(246)		(254)		(41)		(541)			
Due to Other Funds		50,924		2,743		-		53.667			
Deposits		18,949		_,		_		18,949			
Compensated Absences Payable		(4,414)		(1,551)		(1,461)		(7,426)			
Net Pension Liability		93,812		96,467		21,235		211,514			
Total OPEB Liability		(14,334)		84,609		(14,054)		56,221			
Deferred Inflows		(122,488)		(86,673)		(43,700)		(252,861)			
Total Adjustments		290,261		655,776		(18,099)		927,938			
Net Cash Provided by Operating											
Activities	\$	439,840	\$	609,754	\$	260,994	\$	1,310,588			
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING											
ACTIVITIES											
Capital contributions	\$	581,779	\$	9,868	\$	-	\$	591,647			

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Hermantown (the City) complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Hermantown, Minnesota, was incorporated under the laws of the state of Minnesota and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with GAAP and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board, the City is able to impose its will on the unit, or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists. As a result of applying these component unit criteria, the Hermantown Economic Development Authority is considered a component unit and is presented in the City's financial statements as a blended component unit, meaning it is reported as if it were a part of the City. The Hermantown Economic Development Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

### **Blended Component Unit**

The Hermantown Economic Development Authority (HEDA) provides services almost entirely to the City and is governed by a board of seven commissioners, which is substantially the same as the City Council. The City is financially accountable for HEDA. The City approves the budget, levies taxes (if necessary), and must approve debt issuances. HEDA has had limited activity and has monthly meetings. For these reasons, HEDA is recognized as a blended component unit of the City.

### **Related Organization**

The Hermantown Volunteer Fire Department is a legally separate organization from the City. Related party transactions are limited to payments by the City on a contract for service entered into with the Hermantown Volunteer Fire Department. The City made payments totaling \$536,795 during 2022.

### **B.** Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### B. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or business-type activity is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those which are clearly identifiable with a specific function or business-type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or business-type activity, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or business-type activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as other funds (nonmajor).

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

### Governmental Funds

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those reported in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** – These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Debt Service Funds** – These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

**Capital Projects Funds** – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

### **Proprietary Funds**

**Enterprise Funds** – The Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or for which the council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

### Major Governmental Funds

**General Fund** – Accounts for all financial resources except those reported in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the City.

**City Sales Tax Fund** – Accounts for the restricted sales tax revenues collected that are authorized by the Minnesota State Legislature to fund the construction of a public safety facility, City administrative services facility, Hermantown sewer trunk line and water infrastructure improvements, and the construction and equipping of a regional, multiuse wellness center.

**G.O.** Improvement Bonds Series 2021A Fund – Accounts for the accumulated resources to pay the interest and principal payments on the 2021A GO Bonds.

**Special Assessment/Road Improvement Fund** – Accounts for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including road construction and reconstruction.

**Essentia Wellness Center Special Revenue Fund** – Accounts for lease revenue from the Essentia Wellness Center, which are restricted for use covering costs related to the facility costs of the Essentia Wellness Center.

**Municipal State Aid Streets Fund** – Accounts for projects related to the construction and maintenance of community-interest streets on the state aid system. These projects are funded through aid received from the state of Minnesota through the Municipal State Aid Street program.

### Major Proprietary Funds

Water Utility Fund – Accounts for the activity of providing water services to the public.

**Sewage Disposal Fund** – Accounts for the activity of providing sewer disposal services to the public.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities for the current period. For this purpose, the City considers all revenues, except reimbursement grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, charges for service, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and therefore have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

### Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City has adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2022 and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. The implementation of this standard resulted in the City reporting a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources and a right-to-use lease asset and lease liability.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in certificates of deposit and other short-term securities. Earnings from such investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of average cash balance participation by each fund.

Investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices, except for investments in 2a7-like external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the balance sheet date.

For purposes of the proprietary fund-type statements of cash flows, the City considers all legal investments authorized by Minnesota Statutes with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

### **Interfund Transactions**

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements are reported as "due to/from other funds" and "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at yearend and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible receivables are based on historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts.

Accounts receivable for utility receivables are shown at a gross amount, since utility receivables are assessable to the associated property and are collectible upon sale of the assessed property.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year and are certified to St. Louis County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City on that date. Revenues are accrued and recognized in the year collectible, net of delinquencies. Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts in January, June or July, and November or December. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year-end in the governmental fund financial statements.

No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

### **Special Assessments**

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with state statutes. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term of years as approved through City Council Resolution. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the county auditor in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien on that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City Council or court action. If special assessments are allowed to become delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale, and the first proceeds of that sale (after costs, penalties, and expenses of sale) are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Generally, the City will collect the full amount of its special assessments not adjusted by the City Council or court action. Pursuant to state statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural, or seasonal recreational land, in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

### Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

### **Inventories**

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets such as easements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$20,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. In the case of donations, the government values these capital assets at the estimated acquisition value on the date of its donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

### Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land Improvements	10 to 50
Buildings	10 to 40
Equipment	3 to 25
Infrastructure	15 to 25
Transmission System, Source of Supply,	
and Pumping Plant	50 to 99

### F. Unearned Revenue

In the financial statements, certain revenue transactions have been reported as unearned revenue. Revenue cannot be recognized until it has been earned.

Unearned revenues for the City include a \$2,000,000 naming rights agreement for the Essentia Wellness Center that is to be recognized as revenue over the 20-year term of the agreement. Four years have been recognized and remaining unearned revenue is \$1,600,000 as of the end of the year.

#### G. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave and sick pay benefits. Vested employees may receive a lump sum payment to a health care savings plan or a lump sum cash payment if they retire. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absences liability payable if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

## H. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and for the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts is amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period they occurred.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### H. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### I. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## J. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The City provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to some retired employees based on eligibility established by contracts with bargaining units or other employment contracts. Retirees are required to pay 100% of their premium cost for the City-sponsored group health insurance plan in which they participate. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense have been determined using the one-year look back basis (the previous December 31 year-end). The plan holds no investments.

## K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has reported deferred outflows related to pensions for its proportionate shares of collective deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and the City's contributions to pension plans subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability. The City has reported deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in proportion, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has reported unavailable revenue from delinquent

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

property taxes, deferred special assessments, intergovernmental, and other revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, in the governmental funds balance sheet. The City has also reported deferred inflows of resources for its proportionate share of the collective deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. The City has reported deferred inflows related to OPEB resulting from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in proportion, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period.

#### L. Leases

The City determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Lessee leases are included in right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) and lease liabilities in the statement of net position. Lessor leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the City's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

Lease assets represent the City's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Lease assets are amortized in a systematic and rational matter over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the City's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the net present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably over the contract term.

The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the City will exercise that option. The City recognizes payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 month or less as expenses as incurred, and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets on the statement of net position.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## L. Leases (Continued)

The individual lease contracts do not always provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the City has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments when it is not explicitly stated in the contract.

The City accounts for contracts containing both lease and non-lease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and non-lease components, and it is impractical to estimate the price of such components, the City treats the components as a single lease unit.

#### M. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report their fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted – Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed – Consists of internally imposed constraints. The City Council will annually, or as deemed necessary, commit specific revenue sources for specified purpose by resolution. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period; however, the amount to be subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period. To remove the constraint on specified use of committed resources, the City Council shall pass a resolution.

Assigned – Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints reflect the specific purpose for which it is the City's intended use. These constraints are established by the City Council and/or management. Pursuant to City Council resolution, the City's Finance Director is authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.

*Unassigned* – Is the residual classification for the General Fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted resources and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## M. Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

The City Council has formally adopted a policy regarding the minimum unrestricted fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes a year-end targeted unrestricted fund balance of 35%-50%, no less than five months of the next year's budgeted expenditures. This will assist in maintaining an adequate level of fund balance to provide for cash flow requirements and contingency needs because major revenues, including property taxes and other governmental aids, are received in the second half of the City's fiscal year. At December 31, 2022, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was 76.05% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures, or \$6,476,986.

#### N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to construct or acquire the capital assets (adjusted for unspent debt proceeds) and lease liabilities related to leased assets. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints on their use by external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, and laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is all other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

#### O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### P. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

## **Budgetary Information**

The City followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Funds, and enterprise funds. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on a budgetary basis. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council.
- 2. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between departments.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### P. Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

Budgetary control for capital project funds is accomplished through the use of project controls.

Expenditures exceed budgeted amounts in the following funds at December 31, 2022:

	Final Budget	Expenditures	Excess	
Essentia Wellness Center Special Revenue Fund	\$ 324,998	\$ 339,883	\$ 14,885	,

#### NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at those financial institutions authorized by the City Council. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota Statute requires that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better, revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires collateral for deposits over Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) insurance amounts. At December 31, 2022, the City's bank balance was fully insured or collateralized.

## Investments

Minnesota Statutes 118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the types of investments available to the City as; securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minnesota statute 118A.04 subd. 6; mutual funds through share of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments; general obligations of the state of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

## NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Investments (Continued)**

The City is invested in the Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund (4M Fund). The 4M Fund is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The City's investment in the 4M Fund is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool, which is based on amortized cost method that approximates fair value. At December 31, 2022, the City had an investment in the 4M Fund in the amount of \$3,759,722.

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2022, none of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the City's investment in a single issuer. The City has no policy that would limit its investment in a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

State law limits investments as discussed above. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

At December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments:

			 Maturities								
Investment Type	_	Total Value	ess Than 1 Year		1-5 Years		Over 5 Years		No Maturity		
U.S. Treasury Notes Negotiable CDs External Investment Pool	\$	6,606,592 19,953,998 3,759,722	\$ 1,715,420 7,022,657	\$	4,891,172 12,931,341	\$	-	\$	- - 3,759,722		
Total Investments	\$	30,320,312	\$ 8,738,077	\$	17,822,513	\$	-	\$	3,759,722		

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the City's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

The following chart summarizes the ratings for the City's investments as rated by Standard and Poor's as of December 31, 2022:

Credit Rating	 Fair Value
Not rated	\$ 30,320,312

## NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Investments (Continued)**

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following investments valued at recurring fair value measurements at December 31, 2022:

			Fair Va	lue Me	asurement	t Using			
		in Ad	oted Prices ctive Markets or Identical Assets	Obs Ir	nificant Other ervable nputs	Uno	gnificant bservable Inputs		
	Total		(Level 1)	(Le	evel 2)	<u>(L</u>	_evel 3)		
Investments by Fair Value Level									
Negotiable CDs	12,931,341	\$	-	12	2,931,341	\$	-		
U.S. Treasury Notes	6,606,592		6,606,592						
Total	19,537,933	\$	6,606,592	\$ 12	2,931,341	\$			
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost	10,782,379	•							
Total Investments	\$ 30,320,312	•							

The following table sets forth additional disclosures about the City's investments whose value are estimated using net asset value (NAV) as of December 31, 2022:

External Investment Pool - 4M	\$	3,759,722		Infunded mmitments -	Redemption Frequency None	Redemption Notice Period 14 Days
The City's total deposits and investments	are	as follows	:			
Cash on Hand Deposits Investments Total Deposits and Investments			\$	700 6,902,640 30,320,312 37,223,652	_	
Presented in the financial statements as f	ollo	ws:				
Primary Government: Cash and Investments			\$	37,223,652	<del>-</del>	

## NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	_	vernmental Activities	iness-Type \ctivities	
Taxes Receivable	\$	62,619	\$ -	
Special Assessments		3,646,716	186,573	
Lease Receivables		1,403,510	64,062	
Contracts Receivable		-	53,302	
Total	\$	5,112,845	\$ 303,937	

## NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
	1	12/31/2021*		Additions	Deletions	Transfer		12/31/2022	
Governmental Activities					,				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$	3,186,012	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,186,012	
Construction in Progress		2,129,963		636,911	(494,444)	(1,323,203)		949,227	
Total Capital Assets Not									
Being Depreciated		5,315,975		636,911	(494,444)	(1,323,203)		4,135,239	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Land Improvements		2,006,348		1,323,203	-			3,329,551	
Buildings		36,752,517		-	-			36,752,517	
Equipment and Vehicles		4,586,569		147,186	(69,046)	(1,669,498)		2,995,211	
Infrastructure		36,165,470		-	-	1,669,498		37,834,968	
Total Capital Assets									
Being Depreciated		79,510,904		1,470,389	(69,046)	-		80,912,247	
Leased Assets Being Amortized:									
Leased Equipment		288,053		6,546	-	-		294,599	
Total Leased Assets									
Being Amortized		288,053		6,546	-	-		294,599	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:									
Land Improvements		1,062,333		86,747	-			1,149,080	
Buildings		5,903,667		930,403	-			6,834,070	
Equipment and Vehicles		1,763,062		159,945	(58,362)			1,864,645	
Infrastructure		25,227,592		922,004	 	 		26,149,596	
Less Accumulated Amortization:									
Leased Equipment		<u> </u>		59,251	 <u>-</u>			59,251	
Total Accumulated									
Depreciation/Amortization	_	33,956,654		2,158,350	(58,362)	 -		36,056,642	
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated/Amortized, Net		45,554,250		(687,961)	 (10,684)	 		45,150,204	
Governmental Activities			_	/= / ===:		//			
Capital Assets, Net	\$	50,870,225	\$	(51,050)	\$ (505,128)	\$ (1,323,203)	\$	49,285,443	

<sup>\*</sup>Certain beginning balances were revised due to the implementation of GASB 87.

## NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:   Construction in Progress   \$ - \$ 37,354   \$ - \$ 37,354     Land and Permanent Easements   607,514   - 607,514     Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated   607,514   37,354   - 644,868     Capital Assets Being Depreciated:   Buildings and Infrastructure   48,652,189   537,690   - 49,189,879     Equipment   1,632,192   87,335   - 1,719,527     Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated   50,284,381   625,025   - 50,909,406     Less Accumulated Depreciation:   Buildings and Infrastructure   11,570,317   730,488   - 12,300,805     Equipment   727,653   70,996   - 798,649     Total Accumulated Depreciation   12,297,970   801,484   - 13,099,454     Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net   37,986,411   (176,459)   - 37,809,952     Business-Type Activities   Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$ 38,593,925   \$ (139,105)   \$ - \$ 38,454,820     Capital Assets, Net   \$ 38,593			Balance 12/31/2021		Additions		Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022	
Construction in Progress         \$ -         \$ 37,354         \$ -         \$ 37,354           Land and Permanent Easements         607,514         -         -         607,514           Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated         607,514         37,354         -         644,868           Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Buildings and Infrastructure         48,652,189         537,690         -         49,189,879           Equipment         1,632,192         87,335         -         1,719,527           Total Capital Assets         Being Depreciated         50,284,381         625,025         -         50,909,406           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and Infrastructure         11,570,317         730,488         -         12,300,805           Equipment         727,653         70,996         -         798,649           Total Accumulated Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952									
Land and Permanent Easements         607,514         -         -         607,514           Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated         607,514         37,354         -         644,868           Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Buildings and Infrastructure         48,652,189         537,690         -         49,189,879           Equipment         1,632,192         87,335         -         1,719,527           Total Capital Assets         Being Depreciated         50,284,381         625,025         -         50,909,406           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and Infrastructure         11,570,317         730,488         -         12,300,805           Equipment         727,653         70,996         -         798,649           Total Accumulated Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities		_		_		_		_	
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated         607,514         37,354         -         644,868           Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings and Infrastructure         48,652,189         537,690         -         49,189,879           Equipment         1,632,192         87,335         -         1,719,527           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated         50,284,381         625,025         -         50,909,406           Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Infrastructure         11,570,317         730,488         -         12,300,805           Equipment         727,653         70,996         -         798,649           Total Accumulated Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities	S S	\$	-	\$	37,354	\$	-	\$	•
Being Depreciated         607,514         37,354         -         644,868           Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Buildings and Infrastructure         48,652,189         537,690         -         49,189,879           Equipment         1,632,192         87,335         -         1,719,527           Total Capital Assets         Being Depreciated         50,284,381         625,025         -         50,909,406           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and Infrastructure         11,570,317         730,488         -         12,300,805           Equipment         727,653         70,996         -         798,649           Total Accumulated         Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities			607,514						607,514
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Buildings and Infrastructure       48,652,189       537,690       -       49,189,879         Equipment       1,632,192       87,335       -       1,719,527         Total Capital Assets       Being Depreciated       50,284,381       625,025       -       50,909,406         Less Accumulated Depreciation:       Buildings and Infrastructure       11,570,317       730,488       -       12,300,805         Equipment       727,653       70,996       -       798,649         Total Accumulated       Depreciation       12,297,970       801,484       -       13,099,454         Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net       37,986,411       (176,459)       -       37,809,952         Business-Type Activities	•		007.544		07.054				044.000
Buildings and Infrastructure         48,652,189         537,690         -         49,189,879           Equipment         1,632,192         87,335         -         1,719,527           Total Capital Assets         Being Depreciated         50,284,381         625,025         -         50,909,406           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and Infrastructure         11,570,317         730,488         -         12,300,805           Equipment         727,653         70,996         -         798,649           Total Accumulated         Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities	Being Depreciated		607,514		37,354		-		644,868
Equipment         1,632,192         87,335         -         1,719,527           Total Capital Assets         Being Depreciated         50,284,381         625,025         -         50,909,406           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and Infrastructure         11,570,317         730,488         -         12,300,805           Equipment         727,653         70,996         -         798,649           Total Accumulated         Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities	Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 50,284,381 625,025 - 50,909,406  Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Infrastructure 11,570,317 730,488 - 12,300,805 Equipment 727,653 70,996 - 798,649  Total Accumulated Depreciation 12,297,970 801,484 - 13,099,454  Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 37,986,411 (176,459) - 37,809,952  Business-Type Activities	Buildings and Infrastructure		48,652,189		537,690		-		49,189,879
Being Depreciated       50,284,381       625,025       - 50,909,406         Less Accumulated Depreciation:       Buildings and Infrastructure       11,570,317       730,488       - 12,300,805         Equipment       727,653       70,996       - 798,649         Total Accumulated       Depreciation       12,297,970       801,484       - 13,099,454         Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net       37,986,411       (176,459)       - 37,809,952         Business-Type Activities	Equipment		1,632,192		87,335		-		1,719,527
Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and Infrastructure       11,570,317       730,488       -       12,300,805         Equipment       727,653       70,996       -       798,649         Total Accumulated       Depreciation       12,297,970       801,484       -       13,099,454         Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net       37,986,411       (176,459)       -       37,809,952         Business-Type Activities	Total Capital Assets		<b>,</b>						
Buildings and Infrastructure       11,570,317       730,488       -       12,300,805         Equipment       727,653       70,996       -       798,649         Total Accumulated       Depreciation       12,297,970       801,484       -       13,099,454         Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net       37,986,411       (176,459)       -       37,809,952         Business-Type Activities	Being Depreciated		50,284,381		625,025		-		50,909,406
Equipment         727,653         70,996         -         798,649           Total Accumulated         Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities	Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Total Accumulated Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities	Buildings and Infrastructure		11,570,317		730,488		-		12,300,805
Depreciation         12,297,970         801,484         -         13,099,454           Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net         37,986,411         (176,459)         -         37,809,952           Business-Type Activities	Equipment		727,653		70,996		-		798,649
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net  37,986,411  (176,459)  - 37,809,952  Business-Type Activities	Total Accumulated								
Depreciated, Net 37,986,411 (176,459) - 37,809,952  Business-Type Activities	Depreciation		12,297,970		801,484				13,099,454
Business-Type Activities	Total Capital Assets Being								
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Depreciated, Net		37,986,411		(176,459)				37,809,952
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Business-Type Activities								
	• •	\$	38,593,925	\$	(139,105)	\$		\$	38,454,820

Depreciation expense and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows at December 31, 2022:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 209,559
Public Safety	233,728
Public Works	999,770
Community and Economic Development	5,295
Culture and Recreation	 709,998
Total Governmental Activities	
Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,158,350
Business-Type Activities	
Water Utility	\$ 245,650
Sewage Disposal	545,000
	343,000
Storm Water	10,835
Storm Water Total Depreciation Expense - Business	*
	\$ *

#### NOTE 5 LEASE RECEIVABLES

The City, acting as lessor, leases certain real property to several communications companies on which to install cell towers under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. These leases expire in fiscal year 2026 and 2028. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized \$15,254 and \$9,036 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

The City, acting as a lessor, leases certain real property on which billboards are installed under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. These leases expire in fiscal year 2024 and 2029. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized \$795 and \$1,751 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

The City, acting as a lessor, leases certain building space under a long-term, non-cancelable lease agreement. This lease expires in fiscal year 2029. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized \$162,915 and \$53,213 in lease revenue and interest revenue, pursuant to these contracts.

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

	Long-Term Leases Receivable							
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest				
2023	\$	192,928	\$	51,122				
2024		200,598		43,756				
2025		214,399		35,983				
2026		228,889		27,681				
2027		224,235		19,221				
2028-2032		406,523		12,865				
Total	\$	1,467,572	\$	190,628				

Changes in the lease receivables for the year are as follows:

C	Balance 2/31/2021	Additions Retirements		1	Balance 12/31/2022	Principal Due Within One Year		
Long-Term Lease Receivables								
Billboards	\$ 12,925	\$	-	\$ 2,094	\$	10,831	\$	2,225
Cell Tower	128,233		-	19,797		108,436		21,573
Building	1,511,190		-	162,915		1,348,275		169,130
Total	\$ 1,652,348	\$	-	\$ 184,806	\$	1,467,542	\$	192,928

## NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The City had the following long-term obligations at December 31, 2022:

General Obligation Bonds	Amount
General Obligation Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A were issued at a par value of \$2,500,000, have an interest rate of 0.5 - 2.4%, and mature in 2026.	\$ 715,000
General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2014A were issued at a par value of \$2,170,000, have an interest rate of 2.0 - 3.0%, and mature in 2028.	730,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A were issued at a par value of \$3,285,000, have an interest rate of 2.0%, and mature in 2030.	1,815,000
General Obligation Capital Improvement Plan Bonds, Series 2016B were issued at a par value of \$5,055,000, have an interest rate of 3.0%, and mature in 2026.	2,340,000
General Obligation Capital Improvement Plan Bonds, Series 2018A were issued at a par value of \$2,035,000, have an interest rate of 3.0 - 3.375%, and mature in 2039.	1,785,000
General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2018B were issued at a par value of \$7,715,000, have an interest rate of 3.0 - 4.0%, and mature in 2039.	6,995,000
General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2019A were issued at a par value of \$8,845,000, have an interest rate of 3.0 - 5.0%, and mature in 2039.	7,940,000
General Obligation Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A issued at a par value of \$3,585,000, have an interest rate of 3.0 - 2.0%, and mature in 2036.	2,720,000
General Obligation Sewage Disposal System Bonds, Series 2020B were issued at a issued at par value of \$3,915,000, have an interest rate of 3.0 - 2.0%, and mature in 2037.	3,520,000
General Obligation Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A were issued at a issued at par value of \$3,860,000, have an interest rate of 2.0 - 1.150%, and mature in 2036.	3,710,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 32,270,000

## NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of change in long-term obligations:

	Balance	Additions Deductions		Balance		Due Within	
	12/31/2021*		Additions	 Reductions	 12/31/2022		One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds Payable:							
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 35,015,000	\$	-	\$ 2,745,000	\$ 32,270,000	\$	2,905,000
Long-Term Lease Payable	288,053		6,546	54,953	239,646		57,116
Less:							
Unamortized Bond Discount	(3,248)		-	(1,131)	(2,117)		(903)
Unamortized Bond Premium	1,053,385		-	171,169	882,216		145,161
Subtotal	36,353,190		6,546	2,969,991	33,389,745		3,106,374
Compensated Absences	471,043		186,959	 191,553	 466,449		<u>-</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 36,824,233	\$	193,505	\$ 3,161,544	\$ 33,856,194	\$	3,106,374
Business-Type Activities							
Compensated Absences	\$ 124,361	\$	37,769	\$ 45,195	\$ 116,935	\$	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 124,361	\$	37,769	\$ 45,195	\$ 116,935	\$	

<sup>\*</sup>Certain beginning balances were revised due to the implementation of GASB 87.

Annual requirements to amortize all outstanding obligations at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds Long-Term Leases				tion Bonds Long-Term Leases			To	otal	
Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2023	\$ 2,905,000	\$	896,120	\$	57,116	\$	7,011	\$ 2,962,116	\$	903,131
2024	2,630,000		812,614		58,699		4,837	2,688,699		817,451
2025	2,670,000		730,344		60,567		2,585	2,730,567		732,929
2026	2,535,000		647,654		62,106		278	2,597,106		647,932
2027	1,780,000		576,159		1,158		22	1,781,158		576,181
2027-2031	8,815,000		2,113,405		-		-	8,815,000		2,113,405
2032-2036	8,455,000		999,204		-		-	8,455,000		999,204
2037-2041	2,480,000		84,375		-		-	2,480,000		84,375
Total	\$ 32,270,000	\$	6,859,875	\$	239,646	\$	14,733	\$ 32,509,646	\$	6,874,608

General Obligation bonds are paid from Debt Service Funds.

Compensated absences, total OPEB liability, and net pension liability are paid from the General Fund, Water Utility Fund, Sewage Disposal Fund and Storm Water Fund.

### **Long-Term Leases**

The City leases equipment for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. The equipment leases expire at various dates between fiscal year 2023 and fiscal year 2027. Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are shown below, by underlying asset class.

	Governmentar		
		Activities	
Equipment	\$	288,053	
Less: Accumulated Amortization		(59,249)	
	\$	228,804	

## NOTE 7 CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The Hermantown Economic Development Authority (HEDA) has issued revenue bonds for the purpose of providing capital financing to various entities. Even though the debt bears HEDA's name, HEDA is not responsible for the payment of the original debt. The debt is secured by the payments agreed to be paid by these entities under the terms of the agreement between HEDA and the entity. The general description of the transactions and the outstanding balance as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

<u>Enterprise</u>	Year of Issue	ı	itstanding Balance 2/31/22
Marshall School 2004B Saints-Hilltoppers Arena Project 2010 Marshall School 2011	2004 2010 2011	\$	56,517 261,576 192,485
Total		\$	510,578

### NOTE 8 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Due to/from balances are caused by either timing differences or the elimination of negative cash balances within the various funds. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

	D	ue From		Due To
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	502,864	\$	-
Munger Trail Fund		-		20,996
Hockey Arena		-		26,020
Fichtner Field		-		15,885
Municipal State Aid Streets Fund		-		380,008
Special Assessment/Road Improvement Fund		<u>-</u> _		59,955
Total	\$	502,864	\$	502,864
Advances to/from other funds:  Governmental Funds:	Ad	vance To	Adv	ance From
Governmental Funds:  Cable Television Fund	φ	E0 000	¢	
TIF District #1 Improvements Fund	\$	50,000	\$	600,000
Total Governmental Funds		50,000		600,000
Total Governmental Funds		30,000		000,000
Proprietary Funds: Street Lighting Fund		550,000		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	600,000	\$	600,000

Advances were made to fund various projects. The advances bear interest at 4%. There is no due date for repayment.

## NOTE 8 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

### **Interfund Transfers**

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the City's transfer activity:

In the year ended December 31, 2022, the City made the following one-time transfers, which are included in the amounts presented below:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$	- \$ 488,631
City Sales Tax Fund		- 2,953,454
Park Dedication Fund		- 92,300
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2014A Fund	230,9	- 00
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2020A Fund	297,9	45 -
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2021A Fund	43,2	30 -
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2012A Fund	197,5	39 -
G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A Fund	215,9	23 -
G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B Fund	698,8	07 -
G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2018B Fund	522,23	31 -
G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2019A Fund	651,4	- 00
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B	294,20	63 -
Special Assessment Deficiency Fund		- 27,806
Munger Trail Fund	92,30	- 00
General Capital Projects Fund	410,0	- 00
Municipal Building Reserve Fund	100,0	- 00
Municipal State Aid Streets Fund	7,6	31
Total Governmental Funds	3,762,1	69 3,562,191
Proprietary Funds:		
Water Utility Fund	6,0	00 109,249
Sewage Disposal Fund		- 73,760
Storm Water Fund		- 22,969
Total Proprietary Funds	6,00	00 205,978
Total	\$ 3,768,1	69 \$ 3,768,169

The City budgets transfers to various Debt Service Funds from the Sales Tax Fund, Special Assessment Deficiency Fund, Water Utility Fund, Sewage Disposal, and the Storm Water Fund in order to pay required principal and interest. Transfers to the General Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund, Water Utility Fund, Sewage Disposal Fund, and Storm Water Fund were for various capital purchases.

## NOTE 9 FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

Fund balance was nonspendable for the following purposes at December 31, 2022:

Advances to Other Funds	
Governmental Funds:	
Cable Television Fund	\$ 50,000
Prepaid Items	
Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	97,260
Essentia Wellness Center Special Revenue Fund	11,349
Hermantown Economic Development Authority Fund	17
Cable Television Fund	9
Total Nonspendable	\$ 158,635

Governmental net position and fund balances were restricted for the following purposes at December 31, 2022:

	Net Position	Fund Balance
Debt Service Funds	\$ 8,200,277	\$ 4,779,198
City Sales Tax Fund	9,266,220	9,266,220
Essentia Wellness Center Special Revenue Fund	439,841	439,841
Police Program Fund	196,284	196,284
Soccer Association Fund	73,168_	73,168
Total Restricted	\$ 18,175,790	\$ 14,754,711

Fund balances were committed for the following purposes at December 31, 2022:

Other Governmental Funds:	
Economic Development	\$ 678,724
Wetland Restoration	15,998
Cable TV	369,897
Debt Service	293,296
Total Committed	\$ 1,357,915

Fund balances were assigned for the following purposes at December 31, 2022:

General Capital Projects	\$ 945,367
Essentia Wellness Center Capital Projects Fund	277,871
Municipal Building Reserve	636,536
HEDA Fleet Projects	100,484
Total Assigned	\$ 1,960,258

The following funds had an unassigned fund balance (deficit) at December 31, 2022:

Munger Trail Fund	\$ (21,505)
Hockey Arena	(27,621)
Fichtner Field	(21,349)
Park Dedication Fund	(5,000)
TIF District 1 Improvement Fund	(601,272)
Special Assessment Road Improvement Fund	-
Municipal State Aid Streets Fund	-
Total	\$ (676,747)

#### NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code

## 1. General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security

### 2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service

## 1. General Employees Retirement Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

### NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **B.** Benefits Provided (Continued)

1. General Employees Retirement Plan Benefits (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

#### 2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

### C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

## 1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and the City was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The City contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2022, were \$126,528. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

### NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Contributions (Continued)

### 2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and the City was required to contribute 17.70% for Police and Fire Plan members. The City contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2022, were \$272,944. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

#### **D. Pension Costs**

## 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,702,806 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$49,853.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0215% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0213% for the beginning of the period.

The City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,702,806
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	49,853
Total	\$ 1,752,659

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$250,415 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$7,431 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

## NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Economic Experience	\$	14,223	\$	18,190
Effect of Changes in Assumptions		385,377		6,924
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Investment Earnings on Plan Investments		29,536		-
Changes in Proportion		39,328		-
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Period		68,332		
Total	\$	536,796	\$	25,114

A total of \$68,332 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	
	E	Expense
Year Ending December 31,		Amount
2023	\$	173,472
2024		167,367
2025		(51,485)
2026		153,996
Total	\$	443,350

### NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### D. Pension Costs (Continued)

### 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$5,252,387 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.1207% at the end of the measurement period and 0.1178% for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2021. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later.

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$390,365 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized \$44,482 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$10,863 for the year ended December 31, 2022 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

## NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### D. Pension Costs (Continued)

## 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,252,387
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	 229,321
Total	\$ 5,481,708

At December 31, 2022, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		_	eferred nflows
		Resources	•	esources
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Economic Experience	\$	320,807	\$	-
Effect of Changes in Assumptions		3,091,838		31,575
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Investment Earnings on Plan Investments		70,399		-
Changes in Proportion		74,471		47,268
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		156,102		
Total	\$	3,713,617	\$	78,843

A total of \$156,102 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	
		Expense
Year Ending December 31,		Amount
2023	\$	663,390
2024		681,507
2025		598,228
2026		1,091,829
2027		443,718
Total	\$	3,478,672

### NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### D. Pension Costs (Continued)

### 3. Pension Totals

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City had the following recorded in relation to all of the plans in which it participates:

	General	Police and	
	<b>Employees Plan</b>	Fire Plan	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,702,806	\$ 5,252,387	\$ 6,955,193
Deferred Outflows of Resources	536,796	3,713,617	4,250,413
Deferred Inflows of Resources	25,114	78,843	103,957
Pension Expense	265,849	1,026,863	1,292,712

## E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Democratic Equity	22.5.0/	E 400/
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	5.10%
International Equity	16.5	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0	0.75%
Private Markets	25.0	5.90%
Total	100.0 %	

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.5 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

## NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employees Plan and 2.25% for the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees Plan. The Police and Fire Plan benefit increase is fixed at 1% per year and that increase was used in the valuation.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience studies for the Police and Fire Plan were completed in 2020 were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2022:

## **General Employees Fund**

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

 The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021
- The single discount rate changed from 6.50% to 5.40%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

## NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Discount Rate

The discount rate for the General Employees Plan used to measure the total pension liability in 2022 was 6.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In the Police and Fire Fund, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2060 and June 30, 2061 respectively. Beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2061 for the Police and Fire Fund, projected benefit payments exceed the funds' projected fiduciary net position. Benefit payments projected after were discounted at the municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The resulting equivalent single discount rate of 5.40 percent for the Police and Fire Fund was determined to give approximately the same present value of projected benefits when applied to all years of projected benefits as the present value of projected benefits using 6.5 percent applied to all years of projected benefits through the point of asset depletion and 3.69 percent thereafter.

## NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### F. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
Discount Rate	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
City's Proportionate Share of the GERF Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,689,673	\$ 1,702,806	\$ 893,425
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
Discount Rate	4.40%	5.40%	6.40%
City's Proportionate Share of the PEPFF Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,948,814	\$ 5,252,387	\$ 3,072,487

## G. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="https://www.mnpera.org">www.mnpera.org</a>.

### NOTE 11 PUBLIC EMPLOYEES DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Two City Council members are covered by the Defined Contribution Plan, a multiemployer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The Defined Contribution Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are deferred until time of withdrawal. Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate.

An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5% of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase share in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2% of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of 1% (.0025) of the assets in each member's account annually

Total contributions made by the City during 2022 were:

	Contribution Amount			Percentage of Covered Payroll		Required
Em	nployee	En	nployer	Employee	Employer	Rates
\$	1,405	\$	1,405	5%	5%	5%

## NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

### **Plan Description**

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit plan OPEB plan which allows retired employees to remain on the City's health insurance plan after severing employment from the City at the retiree's expense (implicit rate subsidy). The plan does not issue a standalone financial report. There are 35 active plan members and 4 inactive plan members currently receiving benefits.

## **Funding**

Employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended as set forth in the applicable employment and bargaining unit agreements. The plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

## **OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability at December 31, 2022 was \$1,755,973. The total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability was determined by the use of the alternative measurement method as of that date. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation
Salary Increases
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate
Investment Rate of Return
Mortality Rate

2.25% per year3.50% average, including inflation.Beginning at 6.70% with an ultimate rate of 3.80%N/ARP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with

MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.

## NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

## **OPEB Liability (Continued)**

The 1.84% discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was determined by the actuary using the Fidelity 20-year Municipal GO AA Index.

Changes in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$ 1,683,427
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	53,440
Interest	34,185
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	1,807
Changes of Assumptions	38,322
Benefit Payments	(55,208)
Net Changes	72,546
Ending Balance	\$ 1,755,973

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability at Current Single

Discount Rate:		
1% Higher	2.84%	\$ 1,534,790
Current Discount Rate	1.84%	1,755,973
1% Lower	0.84%	2,025,211

The following presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability at Current Healthcare

Trend Rate:		
1% Higher	7.70%	\$ 2,057,719
Current Discount Rate	6.70%	1,755,973
1% Lower	5.70%	1.508.264

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$117,225. The City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$67,369, reported as deferred outflows of resources, will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

### NOTE 13 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Upon retirement, in accordance with various employment and union contracts, the value of the qualifying banked sick hours will be submitted as a Health Care Savings Plan (HCSP) contribution to the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS) to be used to pay the employee's health insurance premiums. The year-end accrued sick leave and accrued vacation balance increased by \$4,965 in the proprietary funds and increased by \$12,282 in the governmental funds. As of December 31, 2022, eight employees were vested for sick leave. The current value of future benefits is recorded as compensated absences in the statement of net position at December 31, 2022, in the amount of \$583,385. Any management employee or LELS union member who is at the maximum accumulation of sick leave and who is credited for sick leave during a year in excess of the maximum sick leave shall, as of December 31 of the year in question, have 50% of such excess credit towards sick leave deposited in the State of Minnesota Health Care Savings Plan at the employees December 31 wage rate of the year in question. IOUE 49'ers shall have 25% deposited in the plan. The City paid \$10,416 to the MSRS for this employee benefit in 2022.

### **NOTE 14 TAX ABATEMENT COMMITMENTS**

The City, St. Louis County (County) and the Hermantown Economic Development Authority (HEDA), a component unit of the City, entered into a tax abatement agreement with a local business in accordance with Minnesota Statute 469.1813. The purpose of the property tax abatement agreements is to reimburse the local business for infrastructure it initially paid for.

The initial County abatement was paid off in 2019. On February 5, 2019, the County board extended the tax abatement for an additional \$860,000 for the purpose of assistance on funding the Section 24 Sewer trunk line. During 2022 the County paid \$211,836 towards the note, leaving a balance as of December 31, 2022 of \$185,040.

In HEDA's tax abatement agreement with the local business, HEDA has agreed to provide funding to the local business through the abatement of the total City taxes collected each year on the parcel of property owned by the local business. HEDA has agreed to provide tax abatement funding in the amounts of \$1,151,696 and \$400,000 plus interest at 4%. During 2022, the City paid the local business \$144,710 related to this agreement. As of December 31, 2022, the City's remaining commitment to the local business is \$641,816.

HEDA and the City have issued a tax increment revenue note (pay-as-you-go) to a local business. This note requires the City to make payments for a fixed period of time with available tax increment revenue after deducting for certain administrative costs. The note is not a debt of the City and the City is not liable on the note, except for the City's obligation to make payments from pledged tax increment from the applicable tax increment-financing district. The note shall not be payable out of any funds or properties other than the pledged increment. Under this agreement, up to \$500,000 of development costs plus interest will be reimbursed through tax increments. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City generated tax increment revenue of \$132,872 and made payments of \$77,451, on the note. The note's balance at year-end was \$160,207.

### NOTE 15 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City purchases commercial insurance coverage through Travelers Insurance Company. The City pays an annual premium to Travelers Insurance Company for its insurance coverage. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year, and there were no insurance claims or settlements exceeding insurance coverage in the past three years.

### **NOTE 16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In May 2023, the City approve a resolution providing for the sale of General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2023A in the amount of \$1,600,000.

#### NOTE 17 PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPAL

The city restated its beginning fund balance in the City Sales Tax Fund to recognize additional sales tax revenue and adjust the year end receivable and deferred inflow in fiscal year 2021. The effects of the prior period restatement are below:

	(	City Sales		
		Tax Fund		
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	8,579,077		
Prior Period Restatement		248,000		
Beginning Fund Balance, as Restated	\$	8,827,077		

In addition, the City restated its beginning net position in the governmental activities to reflect the changes in the City Sales Tax Fund. The city also restated beginning net position in the governmental activities due to implementation of GASB 87. The effects of the prior period restatement and change in accounting principal are below:

Cay camp no a natal

	G	Governmentai		
		Activities		
Beginning Net Position	\$	34,479,934		
Change in Account Principal		8,519		
Prior Period Restatement		309,954		
Beginning Net Position, as Restated	\$	34,798,407		
Prior Period Restatement	\$	309,954		



# CITY OF HERMANTOWN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE MEASUREMENT DATES

Measurement Date	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest Difference between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments Total Changes	\$	53,440 34,185 1,807 38,322 (55,208) 72,546	\$	64,111 45,895 295,378 (303,730) (46,067) 55,587	\$	51,512 51,803 - 204,459 (49,434) 258,340	\$	84,347 27,530 435,708 93,012 (36,958) 603,639	\$	74,039 27,316 - 34,433 (25,701) 110,087
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		1,683,427		1,627,840		1,369,500		765,861		655,774
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	1,755,973	\$	1,683,427	\$	1,627,840	\$	1,369,500	\$	765,861
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	3,136,054	\$	2,934,716	\$	2,906,994	\$	2,729,652	\$	2,661,675
Districts Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		56.0%		57.4%		56.0%		50.2%		28.8%

### Notes to Schedule:

Funding: There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria of GASB No. 73, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

This schedule is intended to present information for the last 10 years. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available

## **Assumption Changes**

Measurement Date: December 31, 2020

- The discount rate was changed from 2.75% to 2.00% based on updated 20-year municipal bond rates.
- Healthcare trend rates were reset to reflect updated cost increase expectations, including the repeal of the Affordable Care Act's Excise Tax on high-cost health insurance plans.
- Medical per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Withdrawal, mortality, and salary increase rates were updated from the rates used in the 7/1/2018 PERA General Employees Plan and 7/1/2018 PERA Police & Fire Plan valuations to the rates used in the 7/1/2020 valuations.
- The expected retirement age for Police/Fire employees was updated from the latest of age 55, plan eligibility, or current age to the latest of age 54, plan eligibility, or current age.
- The expected retirement age for Non-Police/Fire employees was updated from the latest of age 62, plan eligibility, or current age to the latest of age 61, plan eligibility, or current age.
- The percent of future Police/Fire retirees assumed to elect coverage at retirement changed from 100% to 50% to reflect recent plan experience.
- The percent of future Non-Police/Fire retirees assumed to elect coverage at retirement changed from 60% to 50% to reflect recent plan experience.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25% based on an updated historical analysis of inflation rates and forward-looking market expectations.

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE MEASUREMENT DATES

Measurement Date: December 31, 2019

- The discount rate was changed from 3.71% to 2.75% based on updated 20-year municipal bond rates.
- The Index for 20-year, tax exempt municipal bonds (Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index) used in the discount rate changes from 3.71% to 2.75%

### Measurement Date: December 31, 2018

- The discount rate was changed from 3.31% to 3.71% based on updated 20-year municipal bond rates.
- Healthcare trend rates were reset to reflect updated cost increase expectations, including an adjustment to reflect the impact of the Affordable Care Act's Excise Tax on high-cost health insurance plans.
- Medical per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality rates were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- Inflation assumption was changed from 2.75% to 2.50% based on an updated historical analysis of inflation rates and forward-looking market expectations.

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN INFORMATION ABOUT THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **GENERAL EMPLOYEES FUND**

## Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

							City's	Plan Fiduciary
City's	City's	State's		City's and			Proportionate	Net Position
Proportionate	Proportionate	Proportionate		State's			Share of the Net	as a
Share	Share (Amount)	Share (Amoun	t) F	Proportionate			Pension Liability	Percentage of
(Percentage) of	of the Net	of the Net of the Net		Share of the		City's	as a Percentage	the Total
the Net Pension	Pension	Pension		Net Pension		Covered	of its Covered	Pension
Liability	Liability	Liability Liability			Payroll	Payroll	Liability	
	(a)	(b)		(a+b)		(c)	((a+b)/c)	
0.0215%	\$ 1,702,806	\$ 49,850	3 \$	1,752,659	\$	1,610,853	108.8%	76.7%
0.0213%	909,604	27,77	7 \$	937,381	\$	1,531,373	61.2%	87.0%
0.0207%	1,241,060	38,20°	1 \$	1,279,261		1,475,147	86.7%	79.1%
0.0199%	1,100,226	34,16	5	1,134,391		1,405,853	80.7%	80.0%
0.0198%	1,098,423	36,119	9	1,134,542		1,331,650	85.2%	79.5%
0.0189%	1,206,564	15,199	9	1,221,763		1,219,758	100.2%	75.9%
0.0180%	1,461,511	19,156	3	1,480,667		1,119,203	132.3%	68.9%
0.1810%	938,036		-	938,036		1,062,157	88.3%	78.2%
	Proportionate Share (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability  0.0215% 0.0213% 0.0207% 0.0199% 0.0198% 0.0189% 0.0180%	Proportionate         Proportionate           Share         Share (Amount)           (Percentage) of the Net Pension         Liability           Liability         Liability           0.0215%         \$ 1,702,806           0.0213%         909,604           0.0207%         1,241,060           0.0199%         1,100,226           0.0198%         1,098,423           0.0180%         1,266,564           0.0180%         1,461,511	Proportionate Share         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Share (Amount)         of the Net Pension           the Net Pension Liability         Liability         Liability         Liability         Liability         Liability         Liability         Liability         49,853         20,0213%         909,604         27,777         27,777         27,777         241,060         38,200         34,163         20,0199%         1,100,226         34,163         36,115         20,0189%         1,206,564         15,199         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156         15,199         1,461,511         19,156	Proportionate         Proportionate         Proportionate           Share         Share (Amount)         Share (Amount)         For the Net (Amount)           (Percentage) of the Net Net Pension Liability         Pension (By Company)         Pension (Company)           0.0215%         \$ 1,702,806         \$ 49,853         \$ 49,853           0.0213%         909,604         27,777         \$ 40,853           0.0207%         1,241,060         38,201         \$ 49,853           0.0199%         1,100,226         34,165           0.0198%         1,098,423         36,119           0.0189%         1,206,564         15,199           0.0180%         1,461,511         19,156	Proportionate Share         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Proportionate Share (Amount)         State's Proportionate Of the Net Share (Amount)         State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability           0.0215%         1,702,806         49,853         1,752,659           0.0213%         909,604         27,777         937,381           0.0207%         1,241,060         38,201         1,279,261           0.0199%         1,098,423         36,119         1,134,391           0.0189%         1,206,564         15,199         1,221,763           0.0180%         1,461,511         19,156         1,480,667	Proportionate Share         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Proportionate Share (Amount)         State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability           0.0215%         \$ 1,702,806         \$ 49,853         \$ 1,752,659         \$ 0.0213%         \$ 909,604         27,777         \$ 937,381         \$ 0.0213%         \$ 1,100,226         34,165         1,134,391         1,134,542         1,134,542         1,206,564         15,199         1,221,763         1,480,667	Proportionate Share         Proportionate Share (Amount)         Proportionate Share (Amount)         State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability         Share of the Net Pension Liability         Dension Liability         Pension Liability         Net Pension (a+b)         Covered (c)           0.0215%         \$ 1,702,806         \$ 49,853         \$ 1,752,659         \$ 1,610,853           0.0213%         909,604         27,777         \$ 937,381         \$ 1,531,373           0.0207%         1,241,060         38,201         \$ 1,279,261         1,475,147           0.0199%         1,100,226         34,165         1,134,391         1,405,853           0.0188%         1,298,423         36,119         1,134,542         1,331,650           0.0180%         1,461,511         19,156         1,480,667         1,119,203	City's Proportionate Share         City's Proportionate (Percentage) of the Net Liability         City Share (Amount)         City's As and State's Proportionate Share (Amount)         City's As a Percentage Proportionate Share of the Net Proportionate Share of the Net Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability         City's As a Percentage of Share of the Net Pension Liability         Covered Payroll ((a+b)/c)         Payroll ((a+b)/c)

## Schedule of Employer's Contributions

		tatutorily Required	in F	ntributions Relation to Statutorily Required	Contribution Deficiency	Covered	Contributions as a Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	Co	ntribution	Contribution		(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	
Ending		(a)		(b)	(a-b)	(d)	(b/d)	
December 31, 2022	\$	126,528	\$	126,528	\$ -	\$ 1,687,040	7.50%	
December 31, 2021		116,846		116,846	-	1,557,947	7.50%	
December 31, 2020		116,340		116,340	-	1,551,200	7.50%	
December 31, 2019		110,136		110,136	-	1,468,480	7.50%	
December 31, 2018		101,958		101,958	-	1,359,438	7.50%	
December 31, 2017		94,783		94,783	-	1,263,774	7.50%	
December 31, 2016		88,405		88,405	-	1,178,729	7.50%	
December 31, 2015		81,908		81,908	-	1,092,079	7.50%	

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN INFORMATION ABOUT THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## 2022 Changes

## Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

## Changes in Plan Provisions

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### 2021 Changes

## Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

## Changes in Plan Provisions

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### 2020 Changes

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

#### 2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The Employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively decreasing from \$31 million to \$21 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16 million due per year through 2031.

#### 2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

#### 2017 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The State's special funding contribution increased from \$6 million to \$16 million.

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.00% for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year for all years to 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

#### 2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

#### 2015 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions:

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, is due September 2015.

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2030 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

#### POLICE AND FIRE FUND

#### Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

									City's	
		City's		State's		City's and			Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
	City's	Proportionate	Р	roportionate		State's			Share of the Net	Net Position as
	Proportion	Share (Amount)	Sh	nare (Amount)	Pı	oportionate			Pension Liability	a Percentage of
	(Percentage) of	of the Net		of the Net	S	hare of the			as a Percentage	the Total
	the Net Pension	Pension		Pension	Ν	let Pension		City's	of its Covered	Pension
Measurement	Liability	Liability		Liability		Liability	Co	vered Payroll	Payroll	Liability
Date		(a)		(b)		(a+b)		(c)	((a+b)/c)	
June 30, 2022	0.1207%	\$ 5,252,387	\$	229,321	\$	5,481,708	\$	1,465,942	373.9%	70.5%
June 30, 2021	0.1178%	909,291		40,881		950,172	\$	1,392,373	68.2%	93.7%
June 30, 2020	0.1169%	1,540,867		36,314		1,577,181		1,320,534	119.4%	87.2%
June 30, 2019	0.1203%	1,280,715		-		1,280,715		1,298,494	98.6%	89.3%
June 30, 2018	0.1150%	1,225,782		-		1,225,782		1,211,962	101.1%	88.8%
June 30, 2017	0.1210%	1,633,644		-		1,633,644		1,243,764	131.3%	85.4%
June 30, 2016	0.1220%	4,896,072		-		4,896,072		1,151,242	425.3%	63.9%
June 30, 2015	0.1220%	1,386,205		-		1,386,205		1,111,297	124.7%	86.6%

#### Schedule of Employer's Contributions

				ntributions Relation to			
	S	tatutorily		Statutorily	Contribution		Contributions as a
	F	Required	F	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Percentage of
Fiscal Year	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Ending		(a)		(b)	(a-b)	(d)	(b/d)
December 31, 2022	\$	272,944	\$	272,944	\$ -	\$ 1,542,056	17.70%
December 31, 2021		257,301		257,301	-	1,453,678	17.70%
December 31, 2020		244,165		244,165	-	1,379,463	17.70%
December 31, 2019		223,205		223,205	-	1,316,844	16.95%
December 31, 2018		202,107		202,107	-	1,247,571	16.20%
December 31, 2017		195,547		195,547	-	1,207,079	16.20%
December 31, 2016		196,959		196,959	-	1,215,798	16.20%
December 31, 2015		185,428		185,428	-	1,144,614	16.20%

#### 2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2020 to MP-2021.
- The single discount rate changed from 6.5% to 5.4%.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

#### 2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MN-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### 2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

#### 2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

#### 2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

#### 2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33% for vested members and 2% for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65% to 60%.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% for all years to 1.00% per year through 2064 and 2.50% thereafter.
- The Single Discount Rate was changed from 5.60% per annum to 7.50% per annum.

#### 2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2037 and 2.50% thereafter to 1.00% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 5.60%.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

#### 2015 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The postretirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90% funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.50%, to a fixed rate of 2.50%.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2030 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year through 2037 and 2.50% per year thereafter.



#### CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

						Spe	ecial	Revenue Fi	unds				
	E De	ermantown Economic evelopment Authority Fund	Dec	Park dication Fund	1	ermantown Wetland ⁄litigation Fund		American Rescue Plan Fund	ı	Police Program Fund	Cable Television Fund		Soccer Fund
ASSETS													
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	717,876	\$	-	\$	15,998	\$	837,056	\$	195,888	\$ 397,591	\$	73,168
Interest Receivable		8,234		-		-		-		3,080	9,762		-
Delinquent Taxes Receivable		1,280		-		-		-		-	527		-
Special Assessments Receivable		2,150		-		-		-		-	-		-
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Advance to Other Funds		17		-		-		-		-	9		-
Advance to Other Funds				<u> </u>	_		_				50,000		
Total Assets	\$	729,557	\$		\$	15,998	\$	837,056	\$	198,968	\$ 457,889	\$	73,168
LIABILITIES													
Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities	\$	943	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 193	\$	_
Accounts Payable	•	48,683	•	_	Ψ	_	Ψ.	108,834	Ψ.	2,684	37,790	Ψ	_
Due to Other Funds		-		_		_		-		_,00.	-		_
Deposits Payable		_		5,000		_		_		_	_		_
Advance from Other Funds		_		-		_		_		_	_		_
Unearned Revenue		_		_		_		728,222		_	_		_
Total Liabilities		49,626		5,000		-		837,056		2,684	37,983		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Delinquent Property Tax		1,190		_		_		_		_	_		_
Unavailable Special Assessments		-		-		_		_		-	_		-
Unavailable Revenue - Other		_		_		_		_		_	_		_
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		1,190		-		-		-		-	-		-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)													
Nonspendable		17		_		_		_		_	50,009		_
Restricted		-		_		_		_		196,284	-		73,168
Committed		678,724		_		15,998		_		,	369,897		
Unassigned (Deficit)		-		(5,000)				_		_	-		-
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		678,741		(5,000)		15,998		-	_	196,284	419,906		73,168
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	729,557	\$		\$	15,998	\$	837,056	\$	198,968	\$ 457,889	\$	73,168

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Debt	Service Funds	3			
	Certificate of Indebtedness Fund		G.O. provement Bonds ries 2012A Fund		G.O. nprovement Bonds eries 2014A Fund		G.O. defunding Bonds ries 2016A Fund		G.O. provement Bonds ries 2016B Fund
ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable Delinquent Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable Prepaid Items Advance to Other Funds	\$	38,442 - - 84 -	\$ 195,612 - - 220 243,532	\$	371,637 - - - 1,018,896	\$	355,444 - - 1,127 494,987	\$	386,952 - - - - -
Total Assets	\$	38,526	\$ 439,364	\$	1,390,533	\$	851,558	\$	386,952
LIABILITIES  Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Deposits Payable Advance from Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	- - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Delinquent Property Tax Unavailable Special Assessments Unavailable Revenue - Other Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	75 - - 75	\$ 220 243,532 - 243,752	\$	1,018,897 - 1,018,897	\$	620 492,050 - 492,670	\$	- - -
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Restricted Committed Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		38,451 - 38,451	195,612 - 195,612		371,636 - 371,636		358,888 - 358,888	_	386,952 - 386,952
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	38,526	\$ 439,364	\$	1,390,533	\$	851,558	\$	386,952

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Debt Serv	ice F	unds				
	G.O. provement Bonds ries 2018A Fund		G.O. Tax batement Bonds ries 2018B Fund	Bonds 18B Series 2019A			G.O. aprovement Bonds eries 2020A Fund		G.O. provement Bonds ies 2020B Fund	As	Special ssessment deficiency Fund
\$	203,053	\$	504,262	\$	117,689	\$	601,202	\$	76,929	\$	292,773
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1 000		670		-		- 002		-		522
	1,992		679		-		883 974,326		-		389,990
	_		_		_		-		_		-
	-				-						-
\$	205,045	\$	504,941	\$	117,689	\$	1,576,411	\$	76,929	\$	683,285
¢		¢.		¢		¢		¢.		¢	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		-		_		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-				-		-				-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	1,119	\$	382	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	-		-		-		973,442		-		389,989
	-		-				-		-		-
	1,119		382		-		973,442		-		389,989
	203,926		504,559		117,689		602,969		76,929		-
	202.020		- E04 EE0		117 600		-		76,000		293,296
	203,926		504,559		117,689	_	602,969		76,929		293,296
\$	205,045	\$	504,941	\$	117,689	\$	1,576,411	\$	76,929	\$	683,285

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Projects   Projects   Provider		Capital Project Funds										
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 945,367 \$ 636,536 \$ 277,871 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 37,453 \$ 172,839 \$ \$ 7,451,8 Accounts Receivable		Capital Projects	Building Reserve	Wellne Capita	ess Center al Projects	Munger Trail	Hockey		Improvement	Fleet Projects	Assessment Projects	Nonmajor Governmental
Accounts Receivable	ASSETS										-	-
Delinquent Taxes Receivable	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 945,367	\$ 636,536	\$	277,871	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,453	\$ 172,839	\$ -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Delinquent Taxes Receivable	Accounts Receivable	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,076
Special Assessments Receivable		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,329
Prepaid Items	•	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,135
Advance to Other Funds    Sample   Samp	•	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	229,474	3,351,205
Total Assets	Prepaid Items	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities	Advance to Other Funds											50,000
Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total Assets	\$ 945,367	\$ 636,536	\$	277,871	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,453	\$ 172,839	\$ 229,474	\$ 10,883,409
Accounts Payable	LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,136
Due to Other Funds         -         20,996         26,020         15,884         -         59,955         122,8           Deposits Payable         -         -         -         -         -         5,0           Advance from Other Funds         -         -         -         -         -         600,000         -         -         600,000           Unearned Revenue         -	•	_	_		-	509	1,601	5,465	38,725	72,355	_	316,646
Advance from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	_	-		-	20,996	26,020	15,884	-	-	59,955	122,855
Unearned Revenue	Deposits Payable	_	-		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	5,000
Total Liabilities	Advance from Other Funds	_	-		-	-	-	-	600,000	-	-	600,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   Delinquent Property Tax	Unearned Revenue	_	-		-	-	-	-	_	-	_	728,222
Delinquent Property Tax         -         -         -         -         3,6           Unavailable Special Assessments         -         -         -         -         -         3,117,9           Deferred Inflows - Other         -         -         -         -         -         -         228,053         228,053         228,053         228,053         3,349,5           FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)           Nonspendable         -         -         -         -         -         -         50,0           Restricted         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,127,0           Committed         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,127,0           Assigned         945,367         636,536         277,871         -         -         -         100,484         1,960,2           Unassigned (Deficit)         -         -         -         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         -         (58,534)         5,759,9	Total Liabilities	-	-		-	21,505	27,621	21,349	638,725	72,355	59,955	1,773,859
Unavailable Special Assessments         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,117,9           Deferred Inflows - Other         -         -         -         -         -         -         228,053         228,053         228,053         3,349,5           FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)           Nonspendable         -         -         -         -         -         -         50,0           Restricted         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         50,0           Committed         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,127,0           Assigned         945,367         636,536         277,871         -         -         -         100,484         1,960,2           Unassigned (Deficit)         -         -         -         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         -         (58,534)         5,759,9	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred Inflows - Other	Delinquent Property Tax	-	-		-	-			-	-	-	3,606
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)           Nonspendable         -         -         -         -         -         50,0           Restricted         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,127,0           Committed         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,357,9           Assigned         945,367         636,536         277,871         -         -         100,484         1,960,2           Unassigned (Deficit)         -         -         -         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         -         (58,534)         5,759,9           Total Fund Balance (Deficit)         945,367         636,536         277,871         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         100,484         (58,534)         5,759,9	Unavailable Special Assessments	-	-		-	-			-	-	-	3,117,910
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)  Nonspendable 50,0  Restricted 50,0  Committed 50,0  Assigned 945,367 636,536 277,871 - 100,484 1,960,2  Unassigned (Deficit) (21,505) (27,621) (21,349) (601,272) - (58,534) (735,2  Total Fund Balance (Deficit) 945,367 636,536 277,871 (21,505) (27,621) (21,349) (601,272) 100,484 (58,534) 5,759,9	Deferred Inflows - Other	-	-		-	-			-	-	228,053	228,053
Nonspendable         -         -         -         -         -         50,0           Restricted         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,127,0           Committed         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,357,9           Assigned         945,367         636,536         277,871         -         -         -         100,484         1,960,2           Unassigned (Deficit)         -         -         -         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         -         (58,534)         5,759,9           Total Fund Balance (Deficit)         945,367         636,536         277,871         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         100,484         (58,534)         5,759,9	Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	228,053	3,349,569
Restricted         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,127,0           Committed         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,357,9           Assigned         945,367         636,536         277,871         -         -         -         100,484         1,960,2           Unassigned (Deficit)         -         -         -         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         -         (58,534)         5,759,9           Total Fund Balance (Deficit)         945,367         636,536         277,871         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         100,484         (58,534)         5,759,9	FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)											
Committed         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,357,9           Assigned         945,367         636,536         277,871         -         -         -         100,484         1,960,2           Unassigned (Deficit)         -         -         -         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         -         (58,534)         (735,2           Total Fund Balance (Deficit)         945,367         636,536         277,871         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         100,484         (58,534)         5,759,9	Nonspendable	-	-		-	-			-	-	-	50,026
Assigned 945,367 636,536 277,871 100,484 1,960,2 Unassigned (Deficit) (21,505) (27,621) (21,349) (601,272) - (58,534) (735,2 Total Fund Balance (Deficit) 945,367 636,536 277,871 (21,505) (27,621) (21,349) (601,272) 100,484 (58,534) 5,759,9	Restricted	_	-		-	-			_	-	_	3,127,063
Unassigned (Deficit)         -         -         -         -         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         -         (58,534)         (735,2           Total Fund Balance (Deficit)         945,367         636,536         277,871         (21,505)         (27,621)         (21,349)         (601,272)         100,484         (58,534)         5,759,9	Committed	_	-		-	-			-	-	-	1,357,915
Total Fund Balance (Deficit) 945,367 636,536 277,871 (21,505) (27,621) (21,349) (601,272) 100,484 (58,534) 5,759,9	Assigned	945,367	636,536		277,871	-			-	100,484		1,960,258
Total Fund Balance (Deficit) 945,367 636,536 277,871 (21,505) (27,621) (21,349) (601,272) 100,484 (58,534) 5,759,9	•		_			(21,505)	(27,621)	(21,349)	(601,272)	_	(58,534)	(735,281)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	945,367	636,536	"	277,871	(21,505)	(27,621)	(21,349)	(601,272)	100,484	(58,534)	5,759,981
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources, and Fund Balance (Deficit) <u>\$ 945,367</u> <u>\$ 636,536</u> <u>\$ 277,871</u> <u>- \$ - \$ - \$ 37,453</u> <u>\$ 172,839</u> <u>\$ 229,474</u> <u>\$ 10,883,4</u>	Resources, and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 945,367	\$ 636,536	\$	277,871	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,453	\$ 172,839	\$ 229,474	\$ 10,883,409

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

						Specia	al Revenue I	Fund	s		
	E De	ermantown Economic velopment Authority Fund	Dec	Park dication und	W Mit	mantown /etland tigation Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	) 	Police Program Fund	Cable Television Fund	Soccer Fund
REVENUES			_		_		•		•		
Taxes	\$	149,276	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise Fees		-		-		-		-	-	41,882	-
Special Assessments		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits		-	1	123,250		-		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures		(40.400)		-		-		-	9,827	(4.500)	-
Investment Income		(16,100)		-		-	000.04	-	7.075	(4,589)	-
Miscellaneous		34,560		-			320,640		7,975	1	 
Total Revenues		167,736	1	123,250		-	320,64	b	17,802	37,294	-
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government		-		-		-	16,96		-	-	-
Public Safety		-		-		-	99,40		23,203	-	-
Community and Economic Development		243,396		-		23,466	33,54		-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-		30,950		-	17,78		-	50,373	-
Capital Outlay		1,760		-		-	152,94	6	12,425	-	-
Debt Service:											
Principal		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-						<u>-                                     </u>			-
Total Expenditures		245,156		30,950		23,466	320,64	6	35,628	50,373	 -
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(77,420)		92,300		(23,466)		-	(17,826)	(13,079)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfer In		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Transfer Out				(92,300)				<u>-                                     </u>			 -
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(92,300)					-		 
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(77,420)		-		(23,466)		-	(17,826)	(13,079)	-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		756,161		(5,000)		39,464			214,110	432,985	 73,168
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	678,741	\$	(5,000)	\$	15,998	\$	- {	\$ 196,284	\$ 419,906	\$ 73,168

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Debt Service Funds									
		ertificate of ebtedness Fund	Impr B Serie	G.O. ovement londs es 2012A Fund	İ	G.O. Provement Bonds ies 2014A Fund		G.O. efunding Bonds ries 2016A Fund	lmp I	G.O. rovement Bonds es 2016B Fund
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	26	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,769	\$	-
Franchise Fees		-		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
Special Assessments		-		43,066		60,163		121,645		-
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-
Investment Income		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous				<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
Total Revenues		26		43,066		60,163		200,414		-
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		-		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-
Community and Economic Development		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:										
Principal		_		170,000		120,000		380,000		545,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		18,804		24,570		40,971		79,245
Total Expenditures		-		188,804		144,570		420,971		624,245
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES		26		(145,738)		(84,407)		(220,557)		(624,245)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfer In		-		197,539		230,900		215,923		698,807
Transfer Out		-		-		-		-		-
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		197,539		230,900		215,923		698,807
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		26		51,801		146,493		(4,634)		74,562
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		38,425		143,811		225,143		363,522		312,390
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	38,451	\$	195,612	\$	371,636	\$	358,888	\$	386,952

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Debt Serv	/ice Fι	ınds				
			G.O.		G.O.						
	G.O.		Tax		Tax		G.O.		G.O.		
lm	provement	Α	batement	Al	batement	lm	provement	Imp	provement		Special
	Bonds		Bonds		Bonds		Bonds		Bonds	As	sessment
Sei	ies 2018A	Se	ries 2018B	Ser	ries 2019A	Sei	ies 2020A	Ser	ies 2020B	D	eficiency
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
\$	141,983	\$	48,446	\$	-	\$	61,414	\$	-	\$	_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		136,378		-		26,957
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		(6,563)
					-						
	141,983		48,446		-		197,792		-		20,394
	-		-		-		-		-		391
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
							-		-		
	80,000		290,000		320,000		500,000		190,000		-
	57,795		245,346		289,251		78,220		88,970		
	137,795		535,346		609,251		578,220		278,970		391
	4,188		(486,900)		(609,251)		(380,428)		(278,970)		20,003
	_		522,231		651,400		297,945		294,263		_
	_		-		-		201,010		-		(27,806)
			522,231		651,400		297,945		294,263		(27,806)
	4 100										
	4,188		35,331		42,149		(82,483)		15,293		(7,803)
	199,738		469,228		75,540		685,452		61,636		301,099
\$	203,926	\$	504,559	\$	117,689	\$	602,969	\$	76,929	\$	293,296

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Capital Pro	ject Funds					
DEVENUE	General Capital Projects Fund	Municipal Building Reserve Fund	Essentia Wellness Center Capital Projects Fund	Munger Trail Fund	Hockey Arena	Fichtner Field	TIF District 1 Improvement Fund	HEDA Fleet Projects Fund	Special Assessment Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES	•	•	•	•	•				•	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,394	\$ 144,710	\$ -	\$ 757,018 41,882
Franchise Fees Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27.047	41,882
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,041	
	-	-	-	179,998	-	-	-	-	-	123,250 179,998
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	179,990	-	-	-	-	-	9,827
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	(27,251)
Miscellaneous		261,240								624,422
Total Revenues	-	261,240	-	179,998	-	-	132,394	144,710	27,048	2,124,402
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	1,699	-	-	-	19,058
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,603
Community and Economic Development	-	-	-	1,408	27,621	-	15,511	35,075	-	380,020
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	345	-	-	-	-	-	99,457
Capital Outlay	60,970	-	-	-	-	19,650	63,897	109,910	63,687	485,245
Debt Service:										
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,595,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,000	-	43	947,215
Total Expenditures	60,970			1,753	27,621	21,349	103,408	144,985	63,730	4,648,598
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(60,970)	261,240	-	178,245	(27,621)	(21,349)	28,986	(275)	(36,682)	(2,524,196)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bonds Issued	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	(59,373)	(59,373)
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	59,373	59,373
Bond Principal Refunded	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Capital Lease Issued	0	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Transfer In	410,000	100,000	-	92,300	_	_	-	-	-	3,711,308
Transfer Out			-		-	_	-	-	-	(120,106)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	410,000	100,000		92,300						3,591,202
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	349,030	361,240	-	270,545	(27,621)	(21,349)	28,986	(275)	(36,682)	1,067,006
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	596,337	275,296	277,871	(292,050)			(630,258)	100,759	(21,852)	4,692,975
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ 945,367	\$ 636,536	\$ 277,871	\$ (21,505)	\$ (27,621)	\$ (21,349)	\$ (601,272)	\$ 100,484	\$ (58,534)	\$ 5,759,981

#### CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Storm Water Funds			Street Lighting Fund		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	350,577	\$	754,202	\$	1,104,779
Interest Receivable		623		1,306		1,929
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance		76,215		35,763		111,978
Advance to Other Funds		-		550,000		550,000
Prepaid Items		864				864
Total Current Assets		428,279		1,341,271		1,769,550
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation:						
Assets Not Being Depreciated		27,486		_		27,486
Assets Being Depreciated, Net		397,384		_		397,384
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		424,870				424,870
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Other Postemployment Benefits		1,643				1,643
Pensions		22,042		_		22,042
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		23,685				23,685
Total Deferred Outflows of Nesources	-	25,005				23,003
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	\$	876,834	\$	1,341,271	\$	2,218,105
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	16,147	\$	6,357	\$	22,504
Accrued Wages and Related Liabilities	Ψ	2,700	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,700
Total Current Liabilities		18,847		6,357		25,204
		,		-,		,
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences		20,834		-		20,834
Net Pension Liability		69,921		-		69,921
Total OPEB Liability		42,835				42,835
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		133,590				133,590
Total Liabilities		152,437		6,357		158,794
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pensions		1,031		-		1,031
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,031		-		1,031
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		424,870		_		424,870
Unrestricted		298,496		1,334,914		1,633,410
Total Net Position		723,366		1,334,914		2,058,280
		5,000		.,,		_,::0,200
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	•	070.004	Ф	4 044 074	Φ.	0.040.405
of Resources, and Net Position	\$	876,834	\$	1,341,271	\$	2,218,105

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Storm Water Funds	Street Lighting Fund		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES				
User Fees	\$ 408,114	\$	-	\$ 408,114
Franchise Fees	 		142,916	 142,916
Total Operating Revenues	408,114		142,916	551,030
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel Services	92,306		522	92,828
Maintenance and Supplies	99,883		3,358	103,241
Utilities	-		42,101	42,101
Professional Services	22,932		-	22,932
Depreciation Expense	10,835		-	10,835
Total Operating Expenses	225,956		45,981	271,937
NET OPERATING INCOME	182,158		96,935	279,093
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Hookups and Miscellaneous Income	16,142		-	16,142
Investment Income	(7,789)		5,673	(2,116)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	 8,353		5,673	14,026
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	190,511		102,608	293,119
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer Out	(22,969)		<u>-</u>	(22,969)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	167,542		102,608	270,150
Net Position - Beginning	 555,824		1,232,306	 1,788,130
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 723,366	\$	1,334,914	\$ 2,058,280

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor					
	Enterprise Fund			Total		
	Storm		Street		Nonmajor	
	Water		Lighting		Enterprise	
	Funds		Fund		Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Users	\$	387,876	\$	142,624	\$	530,500
Payments to Employees		(115,815)		(522)		(116,337)
Payments to Suppliers		(108,785)		(44,384)		(153,169)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		163,276		97,718		260,994
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers Out		(22,969)		-		(22,969)
Cash Received from Hookups and						
Miscellaneous Income		16,142				16,142
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing						
Activities		(6,827)		-		(6,827)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(27,487)		-		(27,487)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment Income		(8,144)		4,928		(3,216)
invocations income		(0,111)		1,020		(0,210)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH						
EQUIVALENTS		120,818		102,646		223,464
Cook and Cook Equivalents - Designing of Very		220 752		054.550		004.045
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		229,759		651,556		881,315
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	350,577	\$	754,202	\$	1,104,779

# CITY OF HERMANTOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds					Total								
		Storm Water Funds		Street Lighting Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds								
								RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH						
								PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating Income	\$	182,158	\$	96,935	\$	279,093								
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net														
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:														
Depreciation		10,835		-		10,835								
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:														
Accounts Receivable		(20,238)		(292)		(20,530)								
Prepaid Expenses		(33)		-		(33)								
Deferred Outflows		14,512		-		14,512								
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:														
Accounts Payable		14,063		1,075		15,138								
Wages and Related Liabilities		(41)		-		(41)								
Compensated Absences Payable		(1,461)		-		(1,461)								
Net Pension Liability		21,235		-		21,235								
Total OPEB Liability		(14,054)		-		(14,054)								
Deferred Inflows		(43,700)				(43,700)								
Total Adjustments		(18,882)		783		(18,099)								
Net Cash Provided by Operating	\$	163,276	\$	97,718	\$	260,994								